Geometry B Live Lesson Class

U2L6 – Similarity Unit Review



Middle School Math Department

Agenda



1. Review lesson material associated with similarity to prepare for the Unit 2 test.

2. Use the 2-column note system to take better notes in math class. Bring your math notebook and pen or pencil to each math LiveLesson class.

2-Column Notes Template



- 1. Announcements/To Do's
- 2. School-Wide Learner Outcomes
- 3. LL Objectives
- 4. Vocabulary words
- 5. Problems
- 6. Summary (End of class)

- 1. Write down important details.
- 2. What are you going to work on this week?

- 4. Definitions (fill in as we go)
- 5. Steps to solving problems
- 6. 1 or 2 sentences about the LL class.

U2L6 – Objectives



 Review lesson material associated with similarity to prepare for the Unit 2 test

U2L6 – Vocabulary



- Cross Products Property
- extended proportion
- extended ratio
- extremes
- geometric mean
- indirect measurement
- means

- proportion
- ratio
- scale
- scale drawing
- scale factor
- similar figures
- similar polygons

U2L6 – Things to Know for the Test 😵

Working with ratios
 between values with
 different units

- Extended ratios
- Scale drawings
- Determining if two polygons are similar

 Solving proportions to find missing lengths in similar figures

Proportions in triangles

Finding the geometric mean

 Similarity in right triangles (altitude drawn to the hypotenuse)

- Writing similarity statements among the three triangles
- Use geometric mean formulas to find missing lengths (corollary 1 and 2 of Theorem 7-3)

 Using the Properties of Proportions

U2L6 - Ratios



The diameter of a salad plate is 8 inches. The diameter of a dinner plate is 1 foot. Write the ratio of the diameter of the salad plate to the diameter of the dinner plate.

$$\frac{8 \text{ in.}}{12 \text{ in.}} = \frac{3}{4}$$

U2L6 – Extended Ratios



The ratio of cups of tomatoes, onions, and avocado to make guacamole is 2:1:3. If you want to make 12 cups of guacamole for a party, how many cups of avocado do you need?

$$2x + 1x + 3x = 12$$

$$6x = 12$$

$$x = 2$$

4 cups of tomatoes2 cups of onions6 cups of avocados



Use the proportion $\frac{x}{z} = \frac{6}{5}$. Complete each statement.

$$\frac{z}{x} = \frac{5}{6}$$
 $5x = 6z$

$$\frac{x+z}{z} = \frac{6+5}{5}$$



A photo is 5 inches by 7 inches. You want to enlarge the photo and put it on a canvas that is 120 inches by 200 inches. Will the enlarged photo fit on the canvas?

$$\frac{5}{7} \frac{120}{200}$$

$$\frac{120}{200} = \frac{12}{20} = \frac{3}{5}$$



Are the two polygons similar? Explain.



U2L6 – Proving Triangles Similar



	First show that	To use the…
$\angle S \cong \angle M \text{ and } \angle R \cong \angle L$	Two angles of one triangle are congruent to two angles of another triangle	AA ~ Postulate
$\frac{AB}{QR} = \frac{AC}{QS} \text{ and } \angle A \cong \angle Q$ $B = C \qquad \qquad$	If an angle of one triangle is congruent to an angle of a second triangle, and the sides that include the two angles are proportional	SAS ~ Theorem
$\frac{AB}{QR} = \frac{AC}{QS} = \frac{BC}{RS}$ A C R S	Corresponding sides of two triangles are proportional	SSS ~ Theorem



Determine whether the triangles are similar. If so, write a similarity statement and name the postulate or theorem you used. If not, explain.





No, not enough info.

 $\Delta NML \sim \Delta PQO by$ SSS~ $\angle NML \cong \angle NPO$ and $NLM \cong \angle NOP$

 $\Delta NML \sim \Delta NPO$ by AA~

U2L6 – Similar Triangles



The triangles are similar. Find the value of x.



$\frac{3x}{4x-1} = \frac{14}{18}$	
18(3x) = 14(4x)	:-1)
54x = 56x - 14	
54x - 54x = 56	x - 54x - 14
0=2x-14	
x = 7	$\frac{21}{14} = \frac{27}{18}$
	$\frac{3}{2} = \frac{3}{2}$

U2L6 – Geometric Mean



Find the geometric mean of 5 and 25.

$$\frac{5}{x} = \frac{x}{25}$$
$$x^2 = 125$$
$$x \approx 11.18 \text{ or } 5\sqrt{5}$$

U2L6 – Similarity in Right Triangles

What similarity statement can you write relating the three triangles in the diagram?









Adjacent piece of hypotenuse

Leg



х

U2L6 – Proportions in Triangles



Solve for x.



$$\frac{x+2}{3} = \frac{x+4}{x}$$

$$3(x+4) = x(x+2)$$

$$3x + 12 = x^{2} + 2x$$

$$3x - 3x + 12 = x^{2} + 2x - 3x$$

$$12 = x^{2} - x$$

$$12 - 12 = x^{2} - x - 12$$

$$0 = x^{2} - x - 12$$

$$0 = (x-4)(x+3)$$

$$\frac{4+2}{3} = \frac{4+4}{4}$$

$$x - 4 = 0 \text{ or } x + 3 = 0$$

$$\frac{6}{3} = \frac{8}{4}$$

$$x = 4 \text{ or } x = -3$$

$$\frac{2}{1} = \frac{2}{1}$$

U2L6 – Proportions in Triangles



Solve for x.



$\frac{x}{12} = \frac{x+1}{15}$		
15x = 12(x+1)		
15x = 12x + 12		
3x = 12		
x = 4	$\frac{4}{12} =$	$\frac{4+1}{15}$
	$\frac{4}{12} =$	$=\frac{5}{15}$
	$\frac{1}{3} =$	$=\frac{1}{3}$

Questions?



- Check the Message Board first
- Send a WebMail
- You can also make an appointment at <u>https://elizondo.youcanbook.me</u>
- You can also call me at (559) 549-3244. If I'm not available to answer your call, please leave a voicemail with your full name and phone number.